

Material Safety Data Sheet

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Identification

Product ID:

059.TY25624.076

Product Name:

TY25624 AG/C&CE GREEN 12U

Product Use: Print date:

Paint product.

Revision Date:

27/Oct/2010

27/Oct/2010

Company Identification The Valspar Corporation

PO Box 1461

Minneapolis, MN 55440

Manufacturer's Phone:

1-612-332-7371

24-Hour Medical Emergency

1-888-345-5732

Phone:

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Primary Routes of Exposure:

Inhalation Ingestion Skin absorption

Eye Contact:

· Severe eye irritation

Skin Contact:

- · Causes skin irritation.
- May cause defatting of the skin.
- · Can be absorbed through skin.

Ingestion:

- Irritation of the mouth, throat, and stomach.
- Aspiration hazard if swallowed can enter lungs and cause damage.

Inhalation:

- · Causes respiratory tract irritation.
- · Harmful by inhalation.

- Asphyxia
- · May cause bronchopneumonia or bronchitis.

Acute Other Health Effects:

- · May cause frostbite
- · Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents may be harmful or fatal.

Target Organ and Other Health Effects:

- · Causes headache, drowsiness or other effects to the central nervous system.
- · Liver injury may occur.
- · Kidney injury may occur.
- · Cardiac arrhythmias
- · Blood disorders

This product contains ingredients that may contribute to the following potential chronic health effects:

 Notice: Reports have associated repeated and prolonged occupational overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents may be harmful or fatal.

Carcinogens:

· Possible cancer hazard. Contains material which may cause cancer based on animal data.

3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS

Ingredient Name CAS-No.	Approx. Weight %	Chemical Name
DIMETHYL KETONE- EXEMPT SOLVENT 67-64-1	35 - 40	Acetone
PROPANE 74-98-6	15 - 20	Propane
NAPHTHA 64742-88-7	10 - 15	SOLVENT NAPHTHA, PETROLEUM, MEDIUM ALIPH
AROMATIC NAPHTHA, LIGHT 64742-95-6	1 - 5	Petroleum naphtha, light aromatic
XYLENE 1330-20-7	1 - 5	Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)
NAPHTHA 64742-89-8	1 - 5	SOLVENT NAPHTHA, PETROLEUM, LIGHT ALIPH
1,2,4-TRIMETHYLBENZENE 95-63-6	1 - 5	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene
ETHYLBENZENE 100-41-4	.1 - 1	Ethyl benzene
TITANIUM DIOXIDE 13463-67-7	.1 - 1	Titanium dioxide

If this section is blank there are no hazardous components per OSHA guidelines.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Eye Contact:

In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If easy to do, remove contact lenses. If medical assistance is not immediately available, flush an additional 15 minutes. Get medical attention immediately.

Skin Contact:

Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention, if symptoms develop or persist.

Ingestion:

Rinse mouth with water. Give one or two glasses of water. Only induce vomiting at the instruction of medical personnel. Do NOT induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If vomiting occurs, keep head lower than hips to prevent aspiration. Get medical attention immediately.

Inhalation:

Move injured person into fresh air and keep person calm under observation. Get medical attention immediately. For breathing difficulties, oxygen may be necessary. If breathing stops, provide artificial respiration. Do not give direct mouth-to-mouth resuscitation if inhaled. To protect rescuer, use air-viva, oxy-viva or one-way mask. Resuscitate in a well-ventilated area.

Medical conditions aggravated by exposure:

Any respiratory or skin condition.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Flash point (Fahrenheit):

Flash point (Celsius):

Lower explosive limit (%):

Upper explosive limit (%):

13

Autoignition temperature: not determined

Sensitivity to impact:

Sensitivity to static discharge: Subject to static discharge hazards. Please see bonding

and grounding information in Section 7.

Hazardous combustion products: See Section 10.

Unusual fire and explosion hazards:

Contaminated rags, wipes, saw dust, etc., may catch fire spontaneously. Store waste under water in closed metal containers or in approved self-closing containers designed to prevent spontaneous combustion until disposed of in compliance with applicable regulations. Oxidizing Material

Extinguishing media:

Carbon dioxide, dry chemical, foam and/or water fog.

Fire fighting procedures:

Firefighters should be equipped with self-contained breathing apparatus and turn out gear. Keep containers and surroundings cool with water spray.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Action to be taken if material is released or spilled:

Ventilate the area. Avoid breathing dust or vapor. Use self-containing breathing apparatus or airmask for large spills in a confined area. Wipe, scrape or soak up in an inert material and put in a container for disposal. See section 7, "Handling and Storage", for proper container and storage procedures. Remove all sources of ignition. Soak up with inert absorbent material. Use only non-sparking tools. Avoid contact with eyes.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

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Precautions to be taken in handling and storage:

Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. - No smoking. Keep container closed when not in use. Do not store above 120 degrees F. (49 degrees C). Based on flash point and vapor pressure, suitable storage should be provided in accordance with OSHA regulation 1910.106, Ontario OH&S regulation 851 section 22. Empty containers may contain product residue, including flammable or explosive vapors. Do not cut, puncture or weld on or near container. All label warnings must be observed until the container has been commercially cleaned or reconditioned. If the product is used near or above the flashpoint, an ignition hazard may be present. Activities, uses, or operations which liberate vapor (such as mixing or free fall of liquids) may also present an ignition hazard. Please ensure containers and other interconnected equipment are properly bonded and grounded at all times.

8. PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT AND EXPOSURE CONTROLS

Personal Protective Equipment

Eye and face protection:

Chemical goggles, also wear a face shield if splashing hazard exists.

Skin protection:

Appropriate chemical resistant gloves should be worn.

Other Personel Protection Data:

To prevent skin contact wear protective clothing covering all exposed areas.

Respiratory protection:

If exposure cannot be controlled below applicable limits, use the appropriate NIOSH approved respirator such as an air purifying respirator with organic vapor cartridge and dust/mist filter. Consult the respirator manufacturer's literature to ensure that the respirator will provide adequate protection. Read and follow all respirator manufacturer's instructions.

Ventilation

Use only in well-ventilated areas. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Ovens used for curing should contain a fresh air purge to prevent vapours from accumulating and creating a possible explosive mixture. Where the product is used in a hazardous classified area, use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment.

Exposure Guidelines

OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PEL's)

Ingredient Name CAS-No.	Approx. Weight %	TWA (final)	Ceilings limits (final)	Skin designations
DIMETHYL KETONE- EXEMPT SOLVENT 67-64-1	35 - 40	1000 ppm TWA 2400 mg/m³ TWA		
PROPANE 74-98-6	15 - 20	1000 ppm TWA 1800 mg/m³ TWA		
XYLENE 1330-20-7	1 - 5	100 ppm TWA 435 mg/m³ TWA		
ETHYLBENZENE 100-41-4	.1 - 1	100 ppm TWA 435 mg/m³ TWA		
TITANIUM DIOXIDE 13463-67-7	.1 - 1	15 mg/m³ TWA dust total		

ACGIH Threshold Limit Value (TLV's)

Ingredient Name CAS-No.	Approx. Weight %	TWA	STEL	Ceiling limits	Skin designations
DIMETHYL KETONE- EXEMPT SOLVENT 67-64-1	35 - 40	500 ppm TWA	750 ppm STEL		

Ingredient Name CAS-No.	Approx. Weight %	TWA	STEL	Ceiling limits	Skin designations
PROPANE 74-98-6	15 - 20	1000 ppm TWA			
XYLENE 1330-20-7	1 - 5	100 ppm TWA	150 ppm STEL		
1,2,4-TRIMETHYLBENZENE 95-63-6	1 - 5	25 PPM			
ETHYLBENZENE 100-41-4	.1 - 1	100 ppm TWA	125 ppm STEL		
TITANIUM DIOXIDE 13463-67-7	.1 - 1	10 mg/m³ TWA			

9. PHYSICAL PROPERTIES

Odor: Normal for this product type.

Physical State: Aerosol

pH: not determined

Vapor pressure: NOT DETERMINED mmHg @ 68°F (20°C)

Vapor density (air = 1.0): 5.5

Boiling point: not determined Solubility in water: not determined

Coefficient of water/oil distribution: not determined Density (lbs per US gallon): 6.45
Specific Gravity: .77

Specific Gravity: .77

Evaporation rate (butyl acetate = 1.0): 5.6

Flash point (Fahrenheit): -76

Flash point (Celsius): -60

Lower explosive limit (%): 1

Upper explosive limit (%): 13

Autoignition temperature: not determined

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability: Stable under normal conditions.

Conditions to Avoid: Heat.

Incompatibility: Strong oxidizing agents Hazardous Polymerization: None anticipated.

Hazardous Decomposition Products: Carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide.

Sensitivity to static discharge: Subject to static discharge hazards. Please see bonding and grounding information in Section 7.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ingredient Name CAS-No.	Approx. Weight %	NIOSH - Selected LD50s and LC50s	
DIMETHYL KETONE- EXEMPT SOLVENT 67-64-1	35 - 40	= 5800 mg/kg Oral LD50 Rat	
PROPANE 74-98-6	15 - 20	= 658 mg/L Inhalation LC50 Rat 4 h	

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

APHTHA 1742-88-7	10 - 15	= 3000 mg/kg Dermal LD50 Rabbit
742-88-7		
,		> 5.28 mg/L Inhalation LC50 Rat 4 h
		> 5000 mg/kg Oral LD50 Rat
ROMATIC NAPHTHA,	1 - 5	= 3400 ppm Inhalation LC50 Rat 4 h
GHT		= 8400 mg/kg Oral LD50 Rat
742-95-6		> 2000 mg/kg Dermal LD50 Rabbit
		> 5.2 mg/L Inhalation LC50 Rat 4 h
/LENE	1 - 5	= 4300 mg/kg Oral LD50 Rat
30-20-7		= 47635 mg/L Inhalation LC50 Rat 4 h
		= 5000 ppm Inhalation LC50 Rat 4 h
		> 1700 mg/kg Dermal LD50 Rabbit
APHTHA	1 - 5	= 3000 mg/kg Dermal LD50 Rabbit
742-89-8		= 5000 mg/kg Oral LD50 Mouse
2,4-TRIMETHYLBENZENE	1 - 5	= 18 g/m³ Inhalation LC50 Rat 4 h
5-63-6		= 3400 mg/kg Oral LD50 Rat
		> 3160 mg/kg Dermal LD50 Rabbit
HYLBENZENE	1 - 1	= 15354 mg/kg Dermal LD50 Rabbit
0-41-4		= 17.2 mg/L Inhalation LC50 Rat 4 h
		= 3500 mg/kg Oral LD50 Rat
TANIUM DIOXIDE	.1 - 1	> 10000 mg/kg Oral LD50 Rat
463-67-7		
APHTHA 1742-89-8 2,4-TRIMETHYLBENZENE 1-63-6 THYLBENZENE 10-41-4 TANIUM DIOXIDE	1 - 5 1 - 5 .1 - 1	= 4300 mg/kg Oral LD50 Rat = 47635 mg/L Inhalation LC50 Rat 4 h = 5000 ppm Inhalation LC50 Rat 4 h > 1700 mg/kg Dermal LD50 Rabbit = 3000 mg/kg Dermal LD50 Rabbit = 5000 mg/kg Oral LD50 Mouse = 18 g/m³ Inhalation LC50 Rat 4 h = 3400 mg/kg Oral LD50 Rabbit > 3160 mg/kg Dermal LD50 Rabbit = 15354 mg/kg Dermal LD50 Rabbit = 17.2 mg/L Inhalation LC50 Rat = 3500 mg/kg Oral LD50 Rat

Mutagens/Teratogens/Carcinogens:

Possible cancer hazard. Contains material which may cause cancer based on animal data.

Contains ethylbenzene, which has been determined by NTP to be an animal carcinogen with no known relevance to humans. IARC has classified ethylbenzene as possibly carcinogenic to humans (2b) on the basis of sufficient evidence of carcinogenicity in laboratory animals but inadequate evidence of cancer in humans. Contains TIO2 which is listed by IARC as a possible human carcinogen (Group 2B) based on animal data. Neither long term animal studies, nor human epidemiology studies of workers exposed to TIO2 provide an adequate basis to conclude TIO2 is carcinogenic: TIO2 is not classified as a carcinogen by NTP, U.S. OSHA, or the U.S. EPA.

Ingredient Name CAS-No.	Approx. Weight %	California Prop 65 - Reproductive (Female)	California Prop 65 - Carcinogen
ETHYLBENZENE	.1 - 1		Listed. initial date 6/11/04 -
100-41-4			carcinogen

Ingredient Name CAS-No.	Approx. Weight %	IARC Group 1 - Human Evidence	IARC Group 2A - Limited Human Data	IARC Group 2B - Sufficient Animal Data
ETHYLBENZENE 100-41-4	.1 - 1			Monograph 77 [2000]
TITANIUM DIOXIDE 13463-67-7	.1 - 1			Monograph 47 [1989]

Ingredient Name CAS-No.	Approx. Weight %	NTP Known Carcinogens	NTP Suspect Carcinogens	NTP Evidence of Carcinogenicity
NAPHTHA 64742-88-7	10 - 15	,		male rat-some evidence; female rat-no evidence; male mice-no evidence; female mice-equivocal evidence
XYLENE 1330-20-7	1 - 5			male rat-no evidence; female rat-no evidence; male mice-no evidence; female mice-no evidence

Ingredient Name CAS-No.	Approx. Weight %	NTP Known Carcinogens	NTP Suspect Carcinogens	NTP Evidence of Carcinogenicity
ETHYLBENZENE 100-41-4	.1 - 1			male rat-clear evidence; female rat-some evidence; male mice- some evidence; female mice-some evidence
TITANIUM DIOXIDE 13463-67-7	.1 - 1			male rat-negative; female rat-negative; male mice-negative; female mice-negative

Ingredient Name CAS-No.	Approx. Weight %	OSHA - Hazard Communication Carcinogens	OSHA - Specifically Regulated Carcinogens	ACGIH Carcinogens
ETHYLBENZENE 100-41-4	.1 - 1	Present		A3 Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans
TITANIUM DIOXIDE 13463-67-7	.1 - 1	Present		

12. ECOLOGICAL DATA

No information on ecology is available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal should be made in accordance with federal, state and local regulations.

14. TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

U.S. Department of Transportation

UN ID Number (msds):

CONCOM

Proper Shipping Name:

CONSUMER COMMODITY ORM-D

U.S. Highway & Rail Shipments

The supplier may apply one of the following exceptions: Combustible Liquid, Consumer Commodity, Limited Quantity, Viscous Liquid, Does Not Sustain Combustion, or others, as allowed under 49CFR Hazmat Regulations. Please consult 49CFR Subchapter C to ensure that subsequent shipments comply with these exceptions.

Reportable Quantity Description:

International Air Transport Association (IATA):

UN ID Number (msds):

UN1950

Proper Shipping Name:

AEROSOLS, FLAMMABLE

Hazard Class:

2.1

International Maritime Organization (IMO):

IMO UN/ID Number (msds):

UN1950

Proper Shipping Name:

AEROSOLS, FLAMMABLE

Hazard Class:

2.1

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

U.S. FEDERAL REGULATIONS:

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Ingredient Name CAS-No.	Approx. Weight %	SARA 302	SARA 313	CERCLA RQ in lbs.
DIMETHYL KETONE- EXEMPT SOLVENT 67-64-1	35 - 40			5000
XYLENE 1330-20-7	1 - 5		form R reporting required for 1.0% de minimis concentration	100
1,2,4-TRIMETHYLBENZENE 95-63-6	1 - 5		Listed.	
ETHYLBENZENE 100-41-4	.1 - 1		form R reporting required for 1.0% de minimis concentration	1000

SARA 311/312 Hazard Class:

Acute: yes
Chronic: yes
Flammability: yes
Reactivity: no
Sudden Pressure: yes

U.S. STATE REGULATIONS:

Right to Know:

The specific chemical identity of a component may be withheld as a trade secret under 34 Pennsylvania Code, Chapter 317

Pennsylvania Right To Know:

XYLENE 1330-20-7 NAPHTHA 64742-88-7 NAPHTHA 64742-89-8

AROMATIC NAPHTHA, LIGHT 64742-95-6
DIMETHYL KETONE- EXEMPT SOLVENT 67-64-1

PROPANE 74-98-6

1,2,4-TRIMETHYLBENZENE 95-63-6

Additional Non-Hazardous Materials

PROPRIETARY RESIN Trade Secret

California Proposition 65:

WARNING! This product contains a chemical known in the State of California to cause cancer.

Rule 66 status of product Photochemically reactive.

INTERNATIONAL REGULATIONS - Chemical Inventories

US TSCA Inventory:

All components of this product are in compliance with U.S. TSCA Chemical Substance Inventory Requirements.

Canada Domestic Substances List:

All components of this product are listed on the Domestic Substances List.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

HMIS Codes

Health: 2*