SAFETY DATA SHEET



TruFuel 50:1

| Section 1. Identification | | | |
|---|--|---|--|
| GHS product identifier | : TruFuel 50:1 | | |
| Product code | : 301027210124 | | |
| Other means of identification | : Not available. | | |
| Product type | : Liquid. | | |
| Relevant identified uses of the | he substance or mixture and uses ac | lvised against | |
| Identified uses | | | |
| Industrial applications: Fuel. Petrochemical industry: Fuel. | | | |
| Uses advised against | | Reason | |
| None known. | | | |
| Supplier's details | : Calumet Branded Products, LLC 2780 Waterfront Pkwy E. Drive Suite 200 Indianapolis, IN 46214 USA Technical Services:317-328-5660 | | |
| Emergency telephone number | : 24 hr. CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300 / International 1-703-527-3887 | | |
| Section 2. Hazards | s identification | | |
| OSHA/HCS status | : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200). | | |
| Classification of the substance or mixture | FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Fertility) - Category 2 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Unborn child) - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) (hearing organs, kidneys, liver) - Category 2 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 3 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2 Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute oral toxicity: | | |
| | 18.8% | ng of ingredient(s) of unknown acute dermal toxicity: | |

100% Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity: 66.7%

GHS label elements

Section 2. Hazards identification

| Hazard pictograms | | |
|-------------------------------------|---|--|
| Signal word | : Danger | |
| Hazard statements | Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Causes serious eye irritation. Causes skin irritation. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Suspected of causing cancer. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (hearing organs, kidneys, liver) Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. | |
| Precautionary statements | | |
| General | : Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. | |
| Prevention | : Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting and all material-handling equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Keep container tightly closed. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Do not breathe vapor. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. | |
| Response | : Collect spillage. Get medical attention if you feel unwell. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention. | |
| Storage | : Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. | |
| Disposal | : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations. | |
| Supplemental label elements | : Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. | |
| Hazards not otherwise classified | : Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. | |

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

| Substance/mixture | |
|-------------------|---|
| Other means of | : |
| identification | |

- : Mixture
 - Not available.

| Ingredient name | % | CAS number |
|---|-----------|------------|
| Naphtha (petroleum), full-range alkylate, butane-contg. | ≥50 - ≤75 | 68527-27-5 |
| toluene | ≥25 - ≤30 | 108-88-3 |
| isopentane | ≤10 | 78-78-4 |
| pentane | ≤10 | 109-66-0 |
| ethylbenzene | ≤2.6 | 100-41-4 |
| Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light | <1 | 64742-49-0 |
| 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene | ≤0.1 | 95-63-6 |

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

| Description of necess | sary first aid measures |
|-----------------------|--|
| Eye contact | Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. |
| Inhalation | : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. |
| Skin contact | : Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. |
| Ingestion | : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. |

| Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed | | |
|--|---|--|
| Potential acute health effects | <u>5</u> | |
| Eye contact | : Causes serious eye irritation. | |
| Inhalation | : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation. | |
| Skin contact | : Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. | |
| Ingestion | : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. | |
| Over-exposure signs/sympto | oms | |
| Eye contact | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness | |
| Inhalation | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations | |

Section 4. First aid measures

| Skin contact | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths |
|----------------------------|---|
| | skeletal malformations |
| Ingestion | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: |
| | nausea or vomiting |
| | reduced fetal weight |
| | increase in fetal deaths |
| | skeletal malformations |
| | |
| Indication of immediate me | dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary |
| Notes to physician | Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled. |
| Specific treatments | : No specific treatment. |
| Protection of first-aiders | . No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is |
| | suspected that fumes are still present, the rescue should wear an appropriate mask or |

give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

| - | |
|--|--|
| Extinguishing media | |
| Suitable extinguishing media | : Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam. |
| Unsuitable extinguishing media | : Do not use water jet. |
| Specific hazards arising from the chemical | : Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain. |
| Hazardous thermal decomposition products | : Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide |
| Special protective actions for fire-fighters | : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. |
| Special protective equipment for fire-fighters | : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. |

self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

| For non-emergency personnel | : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put |
|--------------------------------|--|
| | on appropriate personal protective equipment. |

Section 6. Accidental release measures

| For emergency responders | : | If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel". |
|-------------------------------|-----|--|
| Environmental precautions | : | Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage. |
| Methods and materials for con | nta | ainment and cleaning up |
| Small spill | : | Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. |
| Large spill | : | Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal. |

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

| Protective measures | Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not swallow. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container. |
|--|--|
| Advice on general occupational hygiene | Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures. |
| Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities | Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use. |

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

| Ingredient name | Exposure limits |
|---|--|
| Naphtha (petroleum), full-range alkylate, butane-contg. | ACGIH TLV (United States). |
| 4-1 | TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. |
| toluene | ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2019). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. |
| | OSHA PEL Z2 (United States, 2/2013). |
| | TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. |
| | CEIL: 300 ppm |
| | AMP: 500 ppm 10 minutes. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). |
| | TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. |
| | TWA: 375 mg/m ³ 8 hours. |
| | STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. |
| | STEL: 560 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. |
| | NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours. |
| | TWA: 375 mg/m ³ 10 hours. |
| | STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. |
| | STEL: 560 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. |
| isopentane | ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2019). |
| | TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. |
| pentane | ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2019). TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. |
| | OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). |
| | TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. |
| | TWA: 2950 mg/m ³ 8 hours. |
| | OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). |
| | TWA: 600 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 1800 mg/m ³ 8 hours. |
| | STEL: 750 ppm 15 minutes. |
| | STEL: 2250 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. |
| | NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). |
| | TWA: 120 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 350 mg/m ³ 10 hours. |
| | CEIL: 610 ppm 15 minutes. |
| | CEIL: 1800 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. |
| ethylbenzene | ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2019). |
| | TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. |
| | OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). |
| | TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 435 mg/m³ 8 hours. |
| | OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). |
| | TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. |
| | TWA: 435 mg/m ³ 8 hours. |
| | STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 545 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. |
| | NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). |
| | TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours. |
| | TWA: 435 mg/m ³ 10 hours. |
| | STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 545 mg/m³ 15 minutes. |
| Nanhtha (netroleum), hydrotreated light | e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e |
| Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light | OSHA PEL (United States). TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours. |
| | TWA: 1800 mg/m ³ 8 hours. |
| | ACGIH TLV (United States). |
| | TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. |
| 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene | ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2019). |
| ate of issue/Date of revision • 07/09/2020 | Version :1.02 6/1 |

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

| | TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 123 mg/m ³ 8 hours. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 125 mg/m ³ 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). TWA: 25 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 125 mg/m ³ 10 hours. |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| Appropriate engineering controls | : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation of other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. |
| Environmental exposure controls | : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels. |
| Individual protection meas | ures |
| Hygiene measures | : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. |
| Eye/face protection | : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles. |
| Skin protection | |
| Hand protection | : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. |
| Body protection | : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear antistatic protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. |
| Other skin protection | : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. |
| Respiratory protection | : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use. |

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

| Date of issue/Date of revision | : 07/09/2020 | Version : 1.02 | 7/17 |
|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------|------|
| рН | : Not available. | | |
| Odor threshold | : Not available. | | |
| Odor | : Characteristic. Hydrocarbon. | | |
| Color | : Clear. Red. | | |
| Physical state | : Liquid. | | |
| Appearance | | | |

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

| _ | | |
|--|---|--|
| Melting point | Not available. | |
| Boiling point | >54.444°C (>130°F) | |
| Flash point | Closed cup: -40°C (-40°F) | |
| Evaporation rate | Not available. | |
| Flammability (solid, gas) | Not available. | |
| Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits | Not available. | |
| Vapor pressure | Not available. | |
| Vapor density | Not available. | |
| Relative density | 0.732 | |
| Solubility | Insoluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water. | |
| Solubility in water | Not available. | |
| Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water | Not available. | |
| Auto-ignition temperature | Not available. | |
| Decomposition temperature | Not available. | |
| Viscosity | Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): <0.205 cm²/s (<20.5 cSt) | |
| Flow time (ISO 2431) | Not available. | |

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

| Reactivity | : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients. |
|------------------------------------|---|
| Chemical stability | : The product is stable. |
| Possibility of hazardous reactions | : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur. |
| Conditions to avoid | : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. |
| Incompatible materials | : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials |
| Hazardous decomposition products | : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced. |

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Dose | Exposure |
|--|-----------------------|---------|--------------------------|-----------------|
| Naphtha (petroleum), full- range alkylate, butane-contg | LD50 Oral | Rat | >5000 mg/kg | - |
| toluene | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Rat | 49 g/m³ | 4 hours |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 636 mg/kg | - |
| isopentane | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Rat | 280000 mg/m ³ | 4 hours |
| pentane | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Rat | 364 g/m ³ | 4 hours |
| ethylbenzene | LC50 Inhalation Gas. | Rat | 4000 ppm | 4 hours |
| , | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | >5000 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 3500 mg/kg | - |
| Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Rat | >5.2 mg/l | 4 hours |
| , , | LD50 Dermal | Rat | >2000 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | >5000 mg/kg | - |
| Date of issue/Date of revision | : 07/09/2020 | · | Vers | sion : 1.02 8/1 |

Section 11. Toxicological information

| | • | | | |
|------------------------|-----------------------|-----|-------------|---------|
| 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Rat | 18000 mg/m³ | 4 hours |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 5 g/kg | - |

Irritation/Corrosion

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Score | Exposure | Observation |
|--|--------------------------|---------|-------|-----------------------|-------------|
| toluene | Eyes - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 0.5 minutes 100 mg | - |
| | Eyes - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 870 ug | - |
| | Eyes - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 2 | - |
| | | | | mg | |
| | Skin - Mild irritant | Pig | - | 24 hours 250 | - |
| | | | | UI | |
| | Skin - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 435 mg | - |
| | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 20 | - |
| | | | | mg | |
| | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 500 mg | - |
| ethylbenzene | Eyes - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | 500 mg | - |
| | Skin - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 15 | - |
| | | | | mg | |
| Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light | Eyes - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 10 milligrams | - |

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Classification

| Product/ingredient name | OSHA | IARC | NTP |
|-------------------------|------|---------|-----|
| toluene ethvlbenzene | - | 3 2B | - |
| curyibenzene | - | 20 | _ |

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

| Name | Category | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|--|--|--|---|
| Naphtha (petroleum), full-range alkylate, butane-contg. toluene | Category 3 Category 3 Category 3 | Not applicable. Not applicable. Not applicable. | Narcotic effects Narcotic effects Respiratory tract irritation |
| isopentane pentane ethylbenzene Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene | Category 3 Category 3 Category 3 Category 3 Category 3 Category 3 | Not applicable. Not applicable. Not applicable. Not applicable. Not applicable. Not applicable. | Narcotic effects Narcotic effects Narcotic effects Narcotic effects Narcotic effects Respiratory tract irritation |

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Section 11. Toxicological information

| Name | | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|------|----|----------------------|-------------------------------------|
| | 0, | | kidneys and liver hearing organs |

Aspiration hazard

| Name | Result |
|---|--------------------------------|
| Naphtha (petroleum), full-range alkylate, butane-contg. | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| toluene | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| isopentane | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| pentane | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| ethylbenzene | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |

| Information on the likely | : Not available. |
|---------------------------|------------------|
|---------------------------|------------------|

routes of exposure

| INOL | ava | llia |
|------|-----|------|
| | | |

| Potential acute health effects | | | |
|--------------------------------|---|---|-------------------------------|
| Eye contact | ÷ | Causes serious eye irritation. | |
| Inhalation | : | Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation. | May cause drowsiness or |
| Skin contact | ÷ | Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. | |
| Ingestion | : | Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. enters airways. | May be fatal if swallowed and |

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

| Eye contact | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness |
|--------------|---|
| Inhalation | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations |
| Skin contact | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations |
| Ingestion | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations |

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure Short term exposure

Section 11. Toxicological information

| | | 0 |
|--------------------------------|------------|---|
| Potential immediate effects | : | Not available. |
| Potential delayed effects | 1 | Not available. |
| Long term exposure | | |
| Potential immediate effects | : | Not available. |
| Potential delayed effects | 1 | Not available. |
| Potential chronic health eff | <u>ect</u> | <u>S</u> |
| Not available. | | |
| General | : | May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. |
| Carcinogenicity | : | Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure. |
| Mutagenicity | 1 | No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Teratogenicity | 1 | Suspected of damaging the unborn child. |
| Developmental effects | : | No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Fertility effects | : | Suspected of damaging fertility. |
| | | |

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

| Product/ingredient name | Oral (mg/ kg) | Dermal (mg/kg) | Inhalation (gases) (ppm) | Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l) | Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/ I) |
|---|------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|---|
| TruFuel 50 Bulk | 2254.9 | N/A | 86691.5 | N/A | N/A |
| toluene | 636 | N/A | N/A | 49 | N/A |
| isopentane | N/A | N/A | N/A | 280 | N/A |
| pentane | N/A | N/A | N/A | 364 | N/A |
| ethylbenzene | 3500 | N/A | 4000 | N/A | N/A |
| Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light | N/A | 2500 | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene | 5000 | N/A | N/A | 18 | N/A |

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Exposure |
|-------------------------|------------------------------------|---|----------|
| toluene | Acute EC50 12500 µg/l Fresh water | Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata | 72 hours |
| | Acute EC50 11600 μg/l Fresh water | Crustaceans - Gammarus pseudolimnaeus - Adult | 48 hours |
| | Acute EC50 6000 μg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling) | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 5500 µg/l Fresh water | Fish - Oncorhynchus kisutch - Fry | 96 hours |
| | Chronic NOEC 1000 µg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - Daphnia magna | 21 days |
| isopentane | Acute EC50 2.3 mg/l | Daphnia - Daphnia magna | 48 hours |
| ethylbenzene | Acute EC50 4600 µg/l Fresh water | Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata | 72 hours |
| | Acute EC50 3600 μg/l Fresh water | Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata | 96 hours |
| | Acute EC50 6.53 mg/l Marine water | Crustaceans - Artemia sp Nauplii | 48 hours |
| | Acute EC50 2.93 mg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate | 48 hours |

Section 12. Ecological information

| | Acute LC50 4200 µg/l Fresh water | Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss | 96 hours |
|--|-----------------------------------|--|----------|
| Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light | Acute EC50 1 to 10 mg/l | Algae | 72 hours |
| | Acute EC50 1 to 10 mg/l | Daphnia | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 1 to 10 mg/l | Fish | 96 hours |
| 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene | Acute LC50 4910 μg/l Marine water | Crustaceans - Elasmopus pectenicrus - Adult | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 7720 µg/l Fresh water | Fish - Pimephales promelas | 96 hours |

Persistence and degradability

| Product/ingredient name | Test | Result | | Dose | Inoculum |
|---|---|--|------------------|------|---|
| isopentane ethylbenzene | 301F Ready Biodegradability - Manometric Respirometry Test 301B Ready Biodegradability - CO ₂ Evolution Test | 71.43 % - 28 days 70 to 80 % - 28 day | S | - | - |
| Product/ingredient name | Aquatic half-life | | Photolysis | • | Biodegradability |
| toluene isopentane ethylbenzene Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light | - - - | | - - - - | | Readily Readily Readily Inherent |

Bioaccumulative potential

| Product/ingredient name | LogPow | BCF | Potential |
|---|------------|------------|-----------|
| Naphtha (petroleum), full- range alkylate, butane-contg. | - | 10 to 2500 | high |
| toluene | 2.73 | 90 | low |
| isopentane | 3 | 171 | low |
| pentane | 3.45 | 171 | low |
| ethylbenzene | 3.6 | - | low |
| Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light | 2.2 to 5.2 | 10 to 2500 | high |
| 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene | 3.63 | 243 | low |

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

| Disposal methods : | The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. |
|--------------------|--|
|--------------------|--|

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

United States - RCRA Toxic hazardous waste "U" List

| Ingredient | CAS # | | Reference number |
|---------------------------|----------|--------|---------------------|
| Toluene; Benzene, methyl- | 108-88-3 | Listed | U220 |

Section 14. Transport information

| | DOT Classification | TDG Classification | IMDG | ΙΑΤΑ |
|-------------------------------|--|--|--|---|
| UN number | UN1203 | UN1203 | UN1203 | UN1203 |
| UN proper shipping name | Gasoline RQ (toluene, ethylbenzene) | GASOLINE. Marine pollutant (Naphtha (petroleum), full-range alkylate, butane-contg., isopentane) | GASOLINE. Marine pollutant (Naphtha (petroleum), full-range alkylate, butane-contg., isopentane) | Gasoline |
| Transport hazard class(es) | 3 | | | 3 |
| Packing group | П | 11 | 11 | 11 |
| Environmental hazards | No. | Yes. | Yes. | Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required. |

| Additional information | |
|------------------------|--|
| DOT Classification | Reportable quantity 3643.7 lbs / 1654.2 kg [597 gal / 2259.9 L]. Package sizes shipped in quantities less than the product reportable quantity are not subject to the RQ (reportable quantity) transportation requirements. Limited quantity Yes. Packaging instruction Exceptions: 150. Non-bulk: 202. Bulk: 242. Quantity limitation Passenger aircraft/rail: 5 L. Cargo aircraft: 60 L. Special provisions 144, 177, B1, B33, IB2, T4 |
| TDG Classification | Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.18-2.19 (Class 3), 2.7 (Marine pollutant mark). The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported by road or rail. <u>Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index</u> 30 <u>Passenger Carrying Vessel Index</u> 100 <u>Passenger Carrying Road or Rail Index</u> 5 <u>Special provisions</u> 17, 88, 98, 150 |
| IMDG | : The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg. <u>Emergency schedules</u> F-E, S-E <u>Special provisions</u> 243 |
| ΙΑΤΑ | The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations. <u>Quantity limitation</u> Passenger and Cargo Aircraft: 5 L. Packaging instructions: 353. Cargo Aircraft Only: 60 L. Packaging instructions: 364. Limited Quantities - Passenger Aircraft: 1 L. Packaging instructions: Y341. <u>Special provisions</u> A100 |

Section 14. Transport information

| Special precautions for user | 1 | Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are |
|------------------------------|---|---|
| | | upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage. |

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to Annex II of MARPOL and

the IBC Code

Section 15. Regulatory information

| U.S. Federal regulations | : TSCA 8(a) PAIR: pentane; naphthalene; acetaldehyde |
|---|---|
| | TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined |
| | Clean Water Act (CWA) 307: toluene; ethylbenzene; naphthalene |
| | Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: toluene; ethylbenzene; naphthalene; xylene |
| | Clean Air Act (CAA) 112 regulated flammable substances: isopentane; pentane |
| Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) | : Listed |
| Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances | : Not listed |
| Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances | : Not listed |
| DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals) | : Not listed |
| DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals) | : Listed |
| | |

SARA 302/304

Composition/information on ingredients

| | | | SARA 30 | SARA 302 TPQ | | SARA 304 RQ | |
|-----------------|--|--|--|--|-------------|--------------|--|
| Name | % | EHS | (lbs) | (gallons) | (lbs) | (gallons) | |
| furan | <0. | | | 64.1 | 100 | 12.8 | |
| propylene oxide | <0. | 1 Yes. | 10000 | 1444.3 | 100 | 14.4 | |
| SARA 304 RQ | : 450531627.3 | lbs / 204541358.8 k | g [73817090 |).8 gal / 279428 | 8085.8 L] | | |
| ARA 311/312 | | | | | | | |
| | EYE IRRITATIO CARCINOGEN TOXIC TO REF TOXIC TO REF SPECIFIC TAR irritation) - Cate SPECIFIC TAR Category 3 SPECIFIC TAR kidneys, liver) - | GET ORGAN TOXI CGET ORGAN TOXI Category 2 IAZARD - Category | orn child) - CITY (SING CITY (SING CITY (REPI | Category 2 GLE EXPOSUR GLE EXPOSUR | E) (Narcoti | c effects) - | |

Composition/information on ingredients

Section 15. Regulatory information

| Name | % | Classification |
|---------------------------------|-----------|---|
| Naphtha (petroleum), full-range | ≥50 - ≤75 | FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 |
| alkylate, butane-contg. | | SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 |
| , S | | TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Fertility) - Category 2 |
| | | SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) |
| | | (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 |
| | | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| toluene | ≥25 - ≤30 | FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 |
| | -20 -00 | ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 |
| | | SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 |
| | | EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A |
| | | TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Unborn child) - Category 2 |
| | | SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) |
| | | |
| | | (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 |
| | | SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) |
| | | (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 |
| | | SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED |
| | | EXPOSURE) (kidneys, liver) - Category 2 |
| | | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| | | HNOC - Static-accumulating flammable liquid |
| isopentane | ≤10 | FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 1 |
| | | SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) |
| | | (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 |
| | | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| | | HNOC - Defatting irritant |
| | | HNOC - Static-accumulating flammable liquid |
| pentane | ≤10 | FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 |
| | - | SIMPLE ASPHYXIANTS |
| | | SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) |
| | | (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 |
| | | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| | | HNOC - Defatting irritant |
| | | HNOC - Static-accumulating flammable liquid |
| ethylbenzene | ≤2.6 | FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 |
| ettyibenzene | 32.0 | ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 |
| | | EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A |
| | | CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 |
| | | |
| | | SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) |
| | | (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 |
| | | SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED |
| | | EXPOSURE) (hearing organs) - Category 2 |
| | | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| | | HNOC - Static-accumulating flammable liquid |
| Naphtha (petroleum), | <1 | FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 |
| hydrotreated light | | SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 |
| | | EYE IRRITATION - Category 2B |
| | | TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Fertility) - Category 2 |
| | | TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Unborn child) - Category 2 |
| | | SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) |
| | | (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 |
| | | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene | ≤0.1 | FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 |
| .,_, | | ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 |
| | | SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 |
| | | EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A |
| | | SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) |
| | | |
| | | (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 |
| | | SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) |
| | | (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| | | |

SARA 313

Section 15. Regulatory information

| | Product name | CAS number | % |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------|------------|-----------|
| Form R - Reporting requirements | toluene | 108-88-3 | ≥25 - ≤30 |
| | ethylbenzene | 100-41-4 | ≤2.6 |
| | dibenz[a,h]anthracene | 53-70-3 | <0.0025 |
| Supplier notification | toluene | 108-88-3 | ≥25 - ≤30 |
| | ethylbenzene | 100-41-4 | ≤2.6 |

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

| State regulations | |
|-------------------|--|
| Massachusetts | The following components are listed: TOLUENE; METHYLBENZENE; ETHYL BENZENE; ETHYLBENZENE; ISOPENTANE; PENTANE |
| New York | : The following components are listed: Toluene; Ethylbenzene |
| New Jersey | The following components are listed: TOLUENE; BENZENE, METHYL-; ETHYL BENZENE; BENZENE, ETHYL-; ISOPENTANE; BUTANE, 2-METHYL-; PENTANE |
| Pennsylvania | The following components are listed: BENZENE, METHYL-; BENZENE, ETHYL-; BUTANE, 2-METHYL-; PENTANE |

California Prop. 65

▲ WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including Ethylbenzene, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer, and Toluene, which is known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Information provided is based on industrial use and may not be relevant to consumer applications.

| Ingredient name | Concentration (%) | No significant risk level | Maximum acceptable dosage level |
|-------------------------|---|------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Toluene Ethylbenzene | 15.683 - 27.445 0.078486 - 2.3525 | - Yes. | Yes. - |
| Naphthalene Cumene | <0.0016485 0.00022196 - 0.0010876 | Yes. - | - |

International lists

| National inventory | |
|--------------------|--|
| Australia | : At least one component is not listed. |
| Canada | : All components are listed or exempted. |
| China | : At least one component is not listed. |
| Europe | : All components are listed or exempted. |
| Japan | : Japan inventory (ENCS): At least one component is not listed. Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined. |
| New Zealand | : At least one component is not listed. |
| Philippines | : Not determined. |
| Republic of Korea | : Not determined. |
| Taiwan | : All components are listed or exempted. |
| Thailand | : Not determined. |
| Turkey | : Not determined. |
| United States | : All components are listed or exempted. |
| Viet Nam | : Not determined. |

Section 16. Other information

Procedure used to derive the classification

| Classification | Justification |
|--|-----------------------|
| Flam. Liq. 2, H225 | On basis of test data |
| Skin Irrit. 2, H315 | Calculation method |
| Eye Irrit. 2A, H319 | Calculation method |
| Carc. 2, H351 | Calculation method |
| Repr. 2, H361 (Fertility) | Calculation method |
| Repr. 2, H361 (Unborn child) | Calculation method |
| STOT SE 3, H335 | Calculation method |
| STOT SE 3, H336 | Calculation method |
| STOT RE 2, H373 (hearing organs, kidneys, liver) | Calculation method |
| Asp. Tox. 1, H304 | Calculation method |
| Aquatic Acute 3, H402 | Calculation method |
| Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 | Calculation method |

| <u>History</u> | |
|--------------------------------|---|
| Date of issue/Date of revision | : 07/09/2020 |
| Version | : 1.02 |
| Key to abbreviations | : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations |

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

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